

Tabella integrali

$$\int f'(x)dx = f(x) + c$$

$$\int a dx = ax + c$$

$$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + c \quad \text{con } n \neq -1$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x} dx = \log |x| + c$$

$$\int \text{sen } x dx = -\cos x + c$$

$$\int \cos x dx = \text{sen } x + c$$

$$\int (1 + \text{tg}^2 x) dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx = \text{tg } x + c$$

$$\int (1 + \text{ctg}^2 x) dx = \int \frac{1}{\text{sen}^2 x} dx = -\text{ctg } x + c$$

$$\int \text{Sh } x dx = \text{Ch } x + c$$

$$\int \text{Ch } x dx = \text{Sh } x + c$$

$$\int e^x dx = e^x + c$$

$$\int e^{kx} dx = \frac{e^{kx}}{k} + c$$

$$\int a^x dx = \frac{a^x}{\log_e a} + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\text{sen } x} dx = \log \left| \text{tg} \frac{x}{2} \right| + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos x} dx = \log \left| \text{tg} \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} \right) \right| + c$$



$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \operatorname{arcsen} x + c \\ -\operatorname{arccos} x + c \end{cases}$$

$$\int \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \operatorname{arccos} x + c \\ -\operatorname{arcsen} x + c \end{cases}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx = \operatorname{arctg} x + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{1-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{1+x}{1-x} \right| + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} dx = \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2-1} \right| + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \operatorname{arcsSh} x + c \\ \log \left(x + \sqrt{1+x^2} \right) + c \end{cases}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} dx = \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \right| + c$$

$$\int \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \pm \frac{a^2}{2} \log \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \right) + c$$

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(a^2 \operatorname{arcsen} \frac{x}{a} + x \cdot \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \right) + c$$

$$\int \operatorname{sen}^2 x dx = \frac{1}{2} (x - \operatorname{sen} x \cos x) + c$$

$$\int \cos^2 x dx = \frac{1}{2} (x + \operatorname{sen} x \cos x) + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{Ch}^2 x} dx = \int (1 - \operatorname{Th}^2 x) dx + c = \operatorname{Th} x + c$$

$$\int f^n(x) f'(x) dx = \frac{f^{n+1}(x)}{n+1} + c$$

$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} dx = \log |f(x)| + c$$



$$\int f'(x) \cos f(x) dx = \text{sen } f(x) + c$$

$$\int f'(x) \text{sen } f(x) dx = -\cos f(x) + c$$

$$\int f^n(x) f'(x) dx = \frac{f^{n+1}(x)}{n+1} + c$$

$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} dx = \log |f(x)| + c$$

$$\int f'(x) \cos f(x) dx = \text{sen } f(x) + c$$

$$\int f'(x) \text{sen } f(x) dx = -\cos f(x) + c$$

$$\int e^{f(x)} f'(x) dx = e^{f(x)} + c$$

$$\int a^{f(x)} f'(x) dx = \frac{a^{f(x)}}{\log_e a} + c$$

$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{\sqrt{1-f^2(x)}} dx = \begin{cases} \text{arcsen } f(x) + c \\ -\arccos f(x) + c \end{cases}$$

$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{1+f^2(x)} dx = \text{arctg } f(x) + c$$

